Washington, Feb. 25, 1850.

ring what success has practically attended our system of an Elective Judiciary, but circumstances becould not fail to be of vast benefit to all other interyond my control have prevented an earlier reply. In answering your enquiry, it affords me pleasure to aswhich is now idle, it would employ much of the labor to express to you, in person, those sentiments of resmind to die as only an honest man and a Christian sells at 8 to 81. Corn 80 to 85. sure you that, although many of the people of New York at first evidently regarded a change so radical with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust, I doubt with alarm, and many more with distrust with alarm, and many more with distruct a decident with a distruct a decident with and the decident with a distruct a decident with a distruct a de whether a single citizen of that State can now be this kind. found sufficiently antiquated in opinion to desire a return from the present free and popular mode of electing, to that of appointing, as formerly, by the Governor and Senate. I have been for many years it. Much remains idle and useless in our midst,actively engaged in the Courts of New York, and have witnessed, somewhat extensively, the practical operations of both systems, and have no hesitation in we were highly favored by the selection of Judges the markets of the world, they will employ those eminently distinguished for capacity, purity, and learning, the present system, though thus far the first States in the Union in wealth and in enterprise. Judges have been nominated and elected by political "We have a good soil, a pleasant and varied cliparties-each electing a portion-has abundantly mate-and why may not our citizens expend their sustained the high character of our Judiciary for in- means and put forth their energies to improve the dependence, for natural powers of mind, acquire- advantages we have, and to develop the latent re ments, and integrity. The fear most usually indulged by those who distrust popular intelligence, and it must be admitted of all others the most rational, is, that elective Judges at the circuit, in moments of high local excitement, may sympathize too strongly with the popular feeling to meet the stern requirements of justice, or to administer, with unfaltering hand, the iron rigor of the law. The people of New York, within the last few years, and since the adoption of the present constitution, have, in some sections of the State, unfortunately had their full share of popular excitement, and yet, I have, after careful attention and diligent enquiry, been unable to learn of a single instance where the cause of justice has been supposed to have suffered detriment from the delinquency of the presiding Judge. On the contrary, it has been my good fortune to witness repeated trials of causes where a deep and general feeling would, if ever, have caused the balances of the blind goddess to vibrate, and I declare, with more gratification than I can express, that under such circumstances, I have seen the Judge at the circuit, no better calculated to resist popular impulses than his fellow men, save in his judicial character, breast the strongest popular current that I have ever witnessed in an intelligent community, and hold the scales of justice as sternly as though the office had been a life estate; and that too, in favor of those who were comparatively without power or influence, or friends, save the friendly protection of the law; and in the face of those who were to pass upon his re-election at no distant day. In short, the popular system with us has exceeded the expectations of its most sanguine friends, and no one. I venture to say, will ever propose to disturb it, so long as free government remains to us. It has removed a mountain of prejudices from judicial proceedings and substituted an active sympathy between the people and all transactions of a judicial character. It has broken up the demoralizing influence of hyoritism, which are wont to cluster around executive power, and subjected the whole system to the healthy influence and just criticism of a free public opinion; and, above all, it has transferred the power from the few to the many, and erected a judicial structure upon the broad and deep foundations of popular intelligence and virtue. I have the honor to be, with high regard, Your friend. &c.,

D. S. DICKINSON. THEODORE O'HARA, Esq.

Advance of Free Trade Policy on the Continent. Frequent attempts are made to gainsay entirely the force of the example which England has given by its free-trade policy to foreign nations. We might almost esteem it a compliment to our own country to be so much in advance of other states, both in liberality and practical knowledge; but the cess will be maintained, and that the close of the truth is, that if we are to manifest any egotism, it year will witness the largest delivery of American must be on the reverse score, for it is susceptible of cotton ever made. The whole amount of American abundant proof that the continental powers have in cotton consumed in France was 351,000 bales in ful distance, the course we are pursuing. The Dutch bly reach 400,000 bales; and, unless political trouseveral instances followed, even though at a respect-Government and legislature, at this very time, have under consideration the expediency of amending trade, the high price of cotton will not bring the detheir navigation laws, the tariff remaining as in 1845. Belgium, in March, 1848, lowered the duties on copper, silk, &c., and by a royal ordinance of the the consumption of cotton has been regularly in-20th September, 1849, the export duty was taken off creasing. The average demand, for the last five the greater number of articles comprised in the tar- years, has been 442,000 bales, and this period iniff, and, out of 511 headings into which it is divided. the articles contained in 50 only now appear to be subject to this duty. This step, though it may not principle that we are carrying out. France has the present advance in prices is sustained. made a few changes within the last two years; but, as usual, it is too much absorbed by political cares to direct proper attention to economical ameliorations. Spain, as is well known, made a most imporprohibited. All the articles of importance to British industry are favored under the new scale. Sardinia. the impost on silk manufactures, &c; and Parma, in October, 1848, made concessions in favor of brandy, and abolished the duty on grain. The two Sicilies made alterations in 1846, and Russia in the same year, while the German Commercial Union | English import from East Indies, has the tariff of 1846, 1847, and 1848 still provisionally in force, though modifications are now under consideration. Denmark, in December, 1846, abolished the import duties on grain, and in 1847 lowered those on coal and wollen manufactures. Austria has within the last month made improvements in the Hungarian tariff. The Roman States stick fast in commercial as in religious bigotry; and Greece, behind Turkey even, is "living Greece" no more, having neglected its miserable tariff since the year 1830. The United State preserve the comparatively liberal law of 1846, and New Granada stands out as a solitary example of 10 per cent, additional duty from January, 1850. Let it not be imagined, either, that our colonies are behind in this race of honora- C ble competition, for in North America and the West Indies there have been various acts repealing, amending, and consolidating previous regulations .- | E We append an important letter received from Rotterdam, dated August 6th, 1850 :- "We beg leave to inform you that our legislature has decided on an amendment in our existing navigation laws, by which all foreign vessels are allowed to navigate and carry cargoes to and from the Netherlands, and in the Netherland possessions abroad, under the same privileges as are enjoyed by ships sailing under the Netherland flag, provided Netherland vessels enjoy

AFFECTED DIGNITY.—The best truth of a vulgar man is to be found in the quantity of dignity that he of high prices. wraps himself up in. In the opinion of such men, the only way to set a proper value on yourself, is to generally rich and very ignorant. The "biggest feeling" man we ever knew was a swelling blockhead, A singular fact in therapeutics." who imagined that the tragedy of Hamlet was writ- A singular fact in therapeutics." more they contain, the lower they carry their heads. on joint ballot, forty.

the same privileges in such foreign countries .- We

have the honor to be. &c., (signed,) John Herdig & Sons."—Wilmer & Smith's European Times.

The Old North State.

The following is from a North Carolina correspon-

"While North Carolina has embarked, to a limiion, which meets in October next, we publish to-day ted extent, in manufactories, we have been somewhat

ing manufactured as well as agricultural products introduction to an American. Your glorious exer- from the deacon Dear Sir-I was duly honored with yours, enqui- into the market of the world. But, even if we had tions, followed by misfortunes, borne with equanimi-

saying, that although under our former constitution in their way to a free and rapid communication with

The Cotton Trade-The Profits of Manufacturing. Cotton, its growth, consumption, and manufacture, continue to be the topics of interest in the commercial circles, and especially among the manufacturers of the North and the growers of the South. The material decline in prices. A writer in the Merchants' Magazine, says that the causes of the recent advance are plain and evident, and he specifies them

The pacification of Europe; The revival of business in France: The large consumption;

The small stocks; produced, below the wants of the manufacturer, pri- of the same charge, where executed with him. ces necessarily arise above the average, until the high rate of the raw material lessens the consump- World," gives the following account of this execution, and brings the demand within the supply. In tion : "Mr. Burroughs was carried in a cart, with considering, therefore, the probable supply and de- the others, through the streets of Salem to the place mand for the present year, the calculations must be of execution. When he was upon the ladder, he based upon high prices. This will increase the ship- made a speech for the clearing of his innocence, ments from India, and. by encouraging late picking, with such solemn and serious expression, as won the increase the production of the United States. It will, admiration of all present.

1848, was 1,464,000 bales; and in 1845, it was 1,-574,000. For the present year, it will probably reach 1,600,000 bales; but for 1850, it cannot safely

be estimated at higher than 1,450,000 In France, the consumption is now largely in advance of last year, and up to the 1st of August it exceeded the amounts of 1845 and 1846. The increased stability of Louis Napoleon's government, for the last half of the present year, promises that this ex-1845, and 277,000 in 1848. For 1849, it will probables, not now foreseen, should injure the prospects of

On other parts of the continent, besides France cludes the disastrous harvest of 1847, and the revolutionary excitement of 1848 and 1849. The demand

which exceeds the supply 100,000 bales. As the now in operation, at Oswego, New York, a manufac- are very strict. No Chinese woman can leave their stocks were lower in January last than they had been tory that consumes 3,000 bushels of corn a week, shores, without the captain gives bonds for her sure for the last ten years, and as they are now lower which makes 50,000 lbs. of the whitest and most return. One was brought over by a captain not tant reduction in its tariff last October, and admits than they were a year ago, this deficiency of the supcotton thread and texile fabrics that were formerly prohibited. All the articles of importance to British This advance must be maintained, unless the lateness of the frost should carry up the United States er for culinary purposes, because it is always made he dare not return without her. Their children are in July, 1847, reduced the charges upon provisions crop above 2,250,000 bales, or unless serious politifrom clean, sweet corn the gluten of which, is sepaimported; Tuscany, since that year, has lowered cal troubles should arise in Europe, to darken the rated by a peculiar process of grinding and washing, with them. Every day, when I get time, I go to prospects of business. Some tables are appended, the corn being first steeped in a chemical liquor, then see one of them, at an eating house, a perfect little from which we gather the following facts: SUPPLY.

Crops of the United States bales 2,729,000 ... 2,250,000

151,000 230,000
220,000 220,000
3,100,0002,700,000
PTION.
verage for 3 years. per cent. 321,000 . 5,2 . 354,000 . 10,3 . 386,000 . 9,0 . 413,000 . 7,0 . 458,000 . 10,9 . 490,000 . 7,0
1849. 1850.
es 518,000 550,000
1,600,0001,450,000
400 000 950 000
400,000 350,000
569 000 450 000
562,000 450,000
3,080,000 2,800,000 Brit'n. France. Rest of
Cont'nt 03,00078,900120,000
60,00069,000 90,000
49,00030,000 39,000
52,000 63,000 76,000
96,00029,000 60,000
bales 1,101,000
1,219,000
618,000
591,000
579,000
e writer are in favor
e writer are in favor

A FAIR HIT .- An exchange says, "It has been said that in spite of all the medical science and systreat with contempt every body else. Such men are generally rich and very ignorant. The "biggest feel- tem of the day, a sick minister who has a rich confrom persons at that place, citizens of that State, Fire

ten by Damon and Pythias, and who couldn't tell. ARKANSAS ELECTION.—The Arkansas Legislature they will not, hereafter, purchase articles of merwithout consulting his vade mecum, whether Shaks- stands as follows: Senate, sixteen Democrats and chandize manufactured or imported from the North. peare was the author of Macbeth, or Macbeth was the author of Shakspeare. Men are like ships—the more they contain, the lower they carry their heads.

Senate, sixteen Democrats and the North.

Dr. Judson, husband of Fanny Forrestee and the North.

Savage & Meares.

Dr. Judson, husband of Fanny Forrestee and the North.

Savage & Meares.

Dr. Judson, husband of Fanny Forrestee and the North.

Savage & Meares.

Figure 1. The North of Shakspeare and the North of Savage & Meares.

Dr. Judson, husband of Fanny Forrestee and the North of Savage & Meares.

Savage & Meares.

Figure 1. The North of Savage & Meares.

Savages & Meares.

The Scuntor and the Extle.

General Garibaldi, on his arriving in this country

WASHINGTON, August 14.

LEWIS CASS.

An Execution for Witchcraft. Dr. Webster is not the first graduate of Harvard College that has been executed. It is said that the Rev. George Burroughs, who suffered death during the Salem witchcraft delusion, was a graduate of the class of 1670. The Boston papers furnish the following particulars of his execution

He was hung in Salem on the 19th of August (old style) 1692. By adding eleven days in accordance with the new style, the date is August 30th, 1692, precisely one hundred and fifty-eight years to a day previous to the execution of Dr. Webster.

The indictment against him is given in the second rolume of Hutchins. He was examined on May 8th 1692, and committed to prison in Boston until his have endured. His great strength and activity, for opinion is still inculcated by several of the leading lifted a barrel of molasses by putting his finger in Southern journals that the crop this year will fall lifted a barrel of molasses by putting his finger in the bunghole, and had carried it round him! that he againg inquired. Another shake.". short, and that, of a consequence, there will be no held a gun more than seven feet long at arm's length with one hand, and performed other surprising feats above the power of humanity.

He was executed on Gallows Hill in Salem. At his execution he made a most solemn, pertinent and affecting prayer, which drew the remark from Cot- The deacon continued: ton Mather, who was present, "that no man could have made such a prayer unless the devil helped him." The victim of this vile delusion concluded him." The victim of this vile delusion concluded the gate and knocked. The door swung slowly back the gate and knocked. The door swung slowly back Schr. M. E. We'ls, Miller, Charleston, to E. J. Lutterloh. Schr. Martha, Peal, Charleston, to Geo. Harriss. Schr. D. P. Woodbury, Rabun, Shallotte, to G. W. Da-After the largest production ever before known, to convince some of the spectators that he was inno- thing but a confused mass rolling here and there; we see, according to the best information, that the cent; for it was the received opinion, that a true but my eyes soon became accustomed to the sight, stocks on hand are lower than they were at the be- witch or wizard could not say the Lord's Prayer and I perceived spirits darting now here, now there, ginning of the year; with a decrease on the amount | without blundering. Four other persons convicted | and seeming as if trying to escape some terrific fate.

Calef, in his "More Wonders of the Invisible

at the same time, discourage consumption, general- The accusers said the Devil stood and dictated to ly, and especially in England. Already have the him. As soon as he was turned off, Mr. Cotton spinners at Manchester commenced working short | Mather being mounted upon a horse, addressed himtime, and this is not to be regarded as a combination | self to the people, partly to declare that he was no to prevent the rise in prices, but the necessary con- ordained minister, and partly to possess the people quence of short crop. A diminished supply of cot- of his guilt, saying that the Devil has often been ton causes an advance in the price, and a diminished transformed into an Angel of Light, and this did consumption is indispensably necessary to bring up somewhat appeare the people, and the executions the price of the manufactured article. In this way, went on. When he was cut down, he was dragged the equilibrium between demand and supply is es- by the halter to a hole or grave between the rocks, tablished, and price must be considered, before ei-ther the supply or the demand can be properly esti-pulled off, and an old pair of trousers of one executed put on his lower parts; he was so put in, togeth-He then proceeds to analyze the crop as far as pos- er with Willard and Carryer; one of his hands and sible. The whole consumption in Great Britain of his chin, and a foot of one of them being uncovered.

STRAWBERRY CULTIVATION .- A correspondent of the Northampton Gazette, who has raised immense quantities of magnificent strawberries on a bed about thirty by forty feet, for several years, gives the following process by which he cultivated them:

I applied about once a week, for three weeks, commencing when the green leaves first began to start, and making the last application just before the plants were in full bloom, the following preparation: Of nitrate of potash, glauber salts, and sal soda, each one pound, of muriat of ammonia, one quarter of a pound. dissolved in thirty gallons of rain or river water: one-third was applied clear, soft water between the times of using the preparation, as the growth of the young leaves is so rapid, that unless well supplied with water the sun will scorch them. I used a common watering pot, and made the application toward evening. Managed in this way, there is never any necessity of digging over the bed or setting it out anew. Beds of ten years old are not only as good but better than those two or three years old. But you must be sure and keep the weeds out.

for 1850 cannot fall as low as this average. It will are not aware of the extent of this new branch of them, who speaks English, that they are never peract directly upon us, is at least a recognition of the be almost certain to exceed 450,000 bales, even if manufacture, which we hope soon to see take the mitted to return, if they cut off this appendage of he present advance in prices is sustained.

We have thus a total demand of 2,800,000 bales, our great American staple, Indian corn. There is graced. The laws, too, in reference to their women,

It is found that this starch is superior to any oth- his efforts to get her back have been fruitless, and reduced to pulp, sifted, and filtrated, and passed in- "hidug," two feet high, with black glossy hair, parto huge cisterns, whence it flows through long, nar- ted in the centre in true American fashion, jet sparkrow troughs, draining off the water through coarse ling little eyes, and ruddy, laughing face. In his cotton cloths. In twelve hours, the starch becomes ears dangle three pair of earrings, and with his little A Thomas Marshall, near the Rail Road. Possession 230,000 like wet clay, capable of being handled and dried, a celestial" small clothes, he would be a fortune to given immediately he residue of the corn is used for feeding hogs and seum her domestic animals.

This is a new use of Indian corn, but one, we hope, hat will prove profitable to the manufacturer and nereby increase the price to the grower.

A SEA WITCH IN P.D .- Readers will probably renember the departure, from this port, of the clipper built ship Sea Witch for San Francisco, of whose dent, however, which led to this remark, is not so rancisco is mentioned among the shipping intellience brought by the Empire City. She has more nade the passage in less than a hundred days. By ailing capacity, we presume, is without a parallel.

N. Y. Com. Adv. Mr. Wilmot .- Baltimore American.

(Ga.) Constitutionalist, writing to his own journal

The Deacon's Vision; or "Where do Lawyers go to !"

It was Court time in W____, and the place was forwarded a letter of introduction to General Cass, crowded to its utmost capacity. The jolly host of at Washington, the receipt of which is handsomely the Black Bear rubbed his hands and stroked his acknowledged in the following reply from the well developed waistcoat, as room after room in the tavern was filled. The bar-room was as usual well stocked with customers, and frequent were the calls My Dear Sir: I welcome you to this land of free-dom. May it always be the land of hospitality to was congregated in the immediate vicinity of the There is a further decline in cotton and bree of discrimination, must give to his authority great amount of machinery, and that, too, disposed in such the unfortunate exile, driven by the persecution of fire, and seemed in a happy state of mind collective-

other, and mirth provoking stories were told.

of industry.

once and again, but it will yet be won, and man resultant tored to the rights which God has given him.

once and again, but it will yet be won, and man resultant tored to the rights which God has given him.

In this town, on Sunday last, Elizabeth H., daughter of Isaac and Susan Ann Northrop, aged 11 years and 6 story to tell and demanded a hearing. Silence was story to tell and demanded a hearing. Silence was months, of bilious congestive fever.

Obtained through the exertions of the little lawyer, In Bladen county, on the 5th inst., Enwix G., son of Dr. industry, in our borders, has been owing, in a great I thank you, General, for your kind letter, and for obtained through the exertions of the little lawyer, measure, to the want of proper facilities for thre w- the enclosure from Mr. Hyatt, though you need no who was overjoyed at the thought of getting a story

"Ye see, Mr. Lawyer," began Jones, "last summer when the cholera was round, I catched it. It went; mighty hard with me, I tell ve, so that they give up

"Well, ye see I didn't zactly die, but I came pret- 27 a 27tc in bbls. tv near it. I went off in a trance.

In a trance !" exclamid the lawyer. "Yes, in a trance."

"That was just what I was coming to. I thought the angel Gabriel came to my bedside and raised of a 13% a 14c. Whisky 26% a 27c. me up, and carried me through the sky, until we

stood before the gates of Heaven." will return and rejoin your friends on earth, to abide sales were at extremes ranging from 12 to 134e; and one or there for a short season, and then you will return to two small fancy lots have brought even higher prices. Heaven, and partake of the happiness of the elect."

"Then we entered the gates, and my ears were saluted with sounds of melody and praise. But I crinactive, the only sales we have to notice are, 800 bbls. trial, which took place in August following. He was condemned on testimony which nothing but the most highly wrought infatuation could for a moment have endured. His great strength and certified and save to hotice are, soo bole.

Note.—River Lumber, Tar, and Turpentine, are always sold in the water, and are subject to the expense of landing, inspection, cooperage, &c.; say on Lumber, S0 cents to \$1 per all my question. Wishing to know about a few of a \$1 25, delivered; 200 do. Tar, 2 25 a \$2 50, the latter for all my question. Wishing to know about a few of a \$1 25, delivered; 200 do. Tar, 2 25 a \$2 50, the latter for all my question. my friends who had gone before me, I questioned 100 selected; and 600 do. Spirits Turpentine, 31 a 311 cents, Virgin or mixed Turpentine, a deduction is made according which he had been remarkable from his youth, were him concerning them. Some he called to his pre- cash, and 322, 4 mos. for whole parcels, and 32, cash in lots collisted against him, as having been derived from sence, and at the name of some he significantly shook as wanted. the prince of evil. It was in evidence that he had his head. I inquired for Squire Graspes. The shake

"He was a lawyer," said the angel, "was he not?" " Yes," said I.

"We have no lawyers here," was the reply. A burst of laughter went up from the whole company and the lawyers themselves participated therein.

The Prince of Darkness himself, did the honors. and showed us round. Still wishing to see the Squire, I inquired for him. Satan clapped his finger to his head, as if in a study, and slowly exclaimed-

"He is not here!" "Not here!" I replied. "Why he must be here: he is not in Heaven. "He was a lawyer, I believe ?" said Satan.

"Yes," I answered. "Ah! he is not here. We had so many lawyers sent here that what with their pleas. their demurrers, their motions, affidavits, indictments, &c., my prerogatives were in danger, so that I was obliged, in self-defence, to banish them from my kingdom! Thanking His Highness for his courtesy, we left. Harriss returned to earth and consciousness, and ever

since then have been pendering on the question of "Where do lawyers go ?" Peal after peal of laughter greeted the conclusion of the Deacon's narrative, and the little lawyer was | Cronly; with turpentine. dumb. Next morning he left, as he could not answer the question, "Where do lawyers go to?".

Yankee Nation. THE CELESTIALS IN CALIFORNIA.—A San Francisco correspondent of the Journal of Commerce writes H. B. Eilers; with 38,000 ft. timber, 27,000 feet lumber, 100 as follows concerning the Chinese in California: The best part of this emigration is from China,-

This hitherto locked-up people are now daily arri-bbls. raw turpentine, 6 bales cotton, 16 bales sheetings, 1 ving here, in ship loads. They are stout, hale, hear- bbl. wax, and I box mdze. ty men, bearing every mark of intelligence. They present a queer appearance, as they promenade in scores about the streets, in ther native costume, with Russell. a braid of hair reaching almost to their feet. One of them entered our hotel a few days ago, and was with 3000 bbls. sp. turp., 700 bbls. raw turp., and 470 bbls. curiously examing everything in the barroom, when rosin. in return, the bystanders began to examine the colestial." One or two caught hold of his queue, and were scrutinizing closely the neat manner in with 1,186 bbls. rosin, 352 bbls. sp. turp., 20 bales yarn, 41 in which the hair was braided. He bore their curious bales sheeting, 30 bales cotton, and 3 boxes mdze. advances until they reached this too great familiarity, when all at once he made a sudden bolt for the door, amid roars of laughter from all the bystan-

Many of these people are adopting our mode of dress; and from all the observations I have been able to make, I think they will become a valuable STARCH FROM INDIAN CORN .- Many of our readers addition to our population. I am told by one of she was stolen from him by a party of Chinese; all rocess that requires much care and a powerful heat. any one who would exhibit him in Barnum's mu-

A REVOLUTIONARY MATRON.—Perhaps no saying of Washington, says the Richmond Republican, is of Washington, says the Richmond Republican, is more frequently quoted upon patriotic occasions in JUST RECEIVING: 40 Bbls. Cincinnati Whiskey; nduce a very large consumption of this grain, and Virginia, than this: "Leave me but a banner to place upon the mountains of Augusta, and I would rally around me the men who will lift our bleeding country from the dust, and set her free." The inciquick passage "round the Horn," supposing she could generally known. But it is one which does immoreather the storms thereabout, all knowing sailors tal honor to the women of Virginia, and lessens our vere very confident. Her arrival at the port of San wonder at the deeds of the Virginia heroes who sprung from such a stock. It is thus related in Howe's Historical Collections: "When the British han realized the most sanguine expectations, having force under Tarleton drove the Legislature from Charlottesville to Staunton, the stillness of the Sabher log it is shown that on one day she made three bath was broken in the latter town by the beat of hundred and twenty-five miles, thus exceeding by one the drum, and volunteers were called for to prevent nile the greatest run ever made by the steamship the passage of the British through the mountains at Atlantic between this port and Liverpool. Such ailing capacity, we presume, is without a parallel. Northern Army. Three sons, however, were at It is said that the democrats of Susquehanna coun- Lewis was confined to his room by sickness, but his y, Pennsylvania, have determined that the Hon. Da- wife, with the firmness of a Roman matron, called id Wilmot shall not be re-nominated to Congress. them to her, and bade them fly to the defence of Mr. W. is a resident of Bradford county, and the their native land. "Go my children," said she, "I Susquehanna county convention instructed their spare not my youngest, my fairhaired boy, the comfort of my declining years. I devote you all to my country. Wilmot — Raltimore American the soil of Augusta, or see my face no more." It Non-Intercourse.-The editor of the Augusta was the narration of this incident to Washington. which caused the enthusiastic quotation so often

Fire. On Saturday morning, the 7th inst., the residence of Mrs. Hugh Campbell, on Gillespie Street was destroyed by fire. Most of the furniture was saved .- Fayetteville Observer, 10th inst.

Seven Days Later from Europe.

Death of Louis Phillippe. The British steamer Asia arrived at Halifax on the 9th instant.

Louis Phillippe, formerly King of France, died There is a further decline in cotton and breadstuffs, and an advance upon groceries.

The political news is unimportant.

In this town, on the 6th inst., Mr. ABRAHAM KOSHLAND, a

native of Germany, aged 18 years.
In this town, on Sunday last, ELIZABETH H., daughter of C. HENRY, aged 2 years 9 mos.

Commercial.

FAYETTEVILLE, Sept. 10th .- Cotton 111 to 12. Flour has declined, sells at 6 to 64, and dull. Bacon has advanced PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10 .- Flour 5 25 a \$5 37; Red wheat

New York, Sept. 10, 6 P. M .- Flour \$4 31 a \$5 25 .-Wheat \$1 12. Corn 63 a 64c. for mixed and 64 a 65c. for

vellow. Oats 38 a 41c. Rye 66c. per bushel. Pork \$10 25

CHARLESTON, Sept. 11 .- Cotton, the transactions yesterday were limited to 500 bales. The stock on sale is light, and "Then I thought the angel turned to me and buyers have been compelled to pay high prices. The few said, "Mortal, you are brought here to see some of sales made have been at an advance of a full 4 a fc. Fair the glories of Heaven, and miseries of Hell; then you may nominally be quoted at 13 lc. at which it is held. The

NEW YORK, Sept. 4th -Naval Stores generally, are rath-

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH-CARCLINA. Sept. 8—Oldenburg Brig Catharine, Knebel, New York, in ballast, to H. B. Eilers.
Schr. Margaret Jane Coll.

Schr. Margaret Jane, Galloway, Lockwood's Folly, to B. lanner; with naval stores.
9-Brig Edwin H. Felter, Walton, Charleston, to George vis; with rosin.

Sloop Senora Isabel, Lewis, Shallotte, to Leighton & Chadbourn; with naval stores. 10—Brig Druid, Deming, Charleston, in ballast, to Ellis Brig Braganza, Young, Charleston, to Geo. W. Davis.

Brig Canova, Killman, Charleston, to Barry, Bryant & Adams. Schr. Alexandria, Randall, Charleston, in ballast, to Wm. Schr. Express, Parker, Onslow county, to DeRosset & Brown; with naval stores.
Schr. C. B. Glover, Whitehurst, Onslow county, to De-

Rosset & Brown; with naval stores. 11-Schr. R. W. Brown, Hulse, New York, to DeRosset & Brown; with indze, to sundry persons.
Steamer Evergreen, Rush, Fayetteville, to Carroll & Fennell; with mdze. to sundry persons. Schr. Fidelia, Corson, Philadelphia, to Geo. Harriss; with mdze, to sundry persons. Brig Thomas Walter, Marshman, Savannah, to Geo. Har-

Brig Attakapos, Sartelle, Martinique, in ballast, to Geo. 12-Schr. Leesburg, Boon, Philadelphia, to DeRosset & Brown; with indee. to sundry persons.
Schr. Francis Ann, Daniel, Washington, N. C., to J. R. Blossom; with corn and staves. Schr. Pearl, Dexter, Jacksonville, N. C., to Martin &

Schr. Corinthian, Plummer, New York, to Ellis & Russell; with mdze, to sundry persons. Brig Norfolk, Pendleton, from New York, in ballast, to Ellis & Russell.

Sept. 5-Oldenburg Brig Wilhelmine, Blohm, Bremen, by bbls. rosin, and 174 bbls. pitch. 6-Schr. A. J. DeRosset, Coffin, New York, by DeRosset Schr. Jas. G. King, Wainwright, Boston, by Leighton, Chadbourn & Co.

7-Schr. Susan Cannon, Dashiels, Baltimore, by Ellis & Schr. Ira Brewster, Horton, New York, by G. W. Davis Schr. Gazelle, Little, Philadelphia, by G. Harris; with

Br. Schr. Speedy Packet, Viscount, Liverpool, by Barry, Bryant & Adams; with 935 bbls. turpentine. 11-Brig Ellen Reed, Shipman, Boston, by Ellis & Rus-Brig Condova, Nickerson, Boston, by Barry, Bryant &

TO TIMBER MAKERS!

A7E wish to contract for 136 sticks Timber, 56 feet long, 16 by 16 inches; 136 " " 24 " " 12 by 12 inches; And 3,000 feet (lineal measure) 14 by 14 inches, various lengths, from 20 to 40 feet.

Each stick must be hewn to a square edge, and butted square at both ends; must show heart the full length of the stick, for two-thirds of the width of every side; must be clear of all unsound knots, dead wood, splinter drawers, wind shakes, and all other defects. The above Timber is wanted at the earliest possible time. Persons wishing to contract, will please apply at the Gaston Mills.

P. K. DICKINSON & CO.

FOR RENT. Two Story Dwelling House, with four fire places, suita-A ble for one or more families, situated on Red Cross and Boundary Streets. Has an excellent well of water in the yard. For particulars, apply to T. Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 13th, 1850. FOR SALE OR RENT.

ALSO-A small one story Dwelling House and two half lots situated in Oregon, are for sale. For further particulars WM. N. PEDEN. Sept. 12th, 1850

10 Hhds. Porto Rico Sugar ; 20 Bbls. Crushed 20 " Clarified 10 " Old Monongahela Whiskey; " Mess Pork ;

" Prime do.; 14 Hhds. Western Sides and Shoulders ; 10 Bbls. Brandy; 10 " Gin; 10 " Rum; Sup. Old Otard Brandy; 50,000 Segars, assorted; Candles, Sperm, Adamantine and Mould; and other articles in our line. For sale low, by
Sept. 13. SAVAGE & MEARES.

TOTICE. The subscriber will remove in a few days t the Store on Water-street, formerly occupied by E. V Kelly, where he will be pleased to see his old customers.— He is receiving his Fall Stock of Goods, and will sell them cheap for cash, or on short credit to punctual customers.
Sent. 131
OWEN HOLMES. Sept. 13]

home, whose ages were 17, 15, and 13 years. Mr. THE Last Call. Persons indebted to me may rest assured that longer indulgence cannot be given, and that 1 red that longer indungence they can save cost by at once settling up.

OWEN HOLMES.

FLOUR. 60 barrels Richmond, just received, fresh and of superior quality. For sale by OWEN HOLMES. CORN. 1000 bushels Bladen County Corn, in store. For owen HOLMES. sale by TUST Received per Schr. R. W. Brown. Bbls. Crushed Sugar;

J 10 bags Coffee; 5 hhds. Sugar; 10 bbls. Cider Vinegar; Boxes Loaf do. Indigo, Pepper, &c. OWEN HOLMES. For sale by TOW Receiving: 40 Bbls. Cincinnati Whiskey;

10 " Brandy;
10 " Gin;
6 doz. ex. super. Old Monongahela Whiskey.
Also, Porto Rico Sugar, and 20 bags Coffee. For sale low,
by SAVAGE & MEARES.

M Holegale 11	ices currents
CON, per pound.	NAVAL STORES,
Hams, \$ 10 a \$ 11	Turpentine, per bbi. 280 lbs.
Middlings, 7 a 81	Yellow Dip, 8 1 30
Shoulders, 7 a 75	*Virgin Dip, .1 96 & 2 00
Hog round,8 a 8	Hard, & eres
Western, 61 a 7	Tar, 0 00 a
EANS, per bush.	Pitch, 000 a 1 00
White, 65 a 70	Resin, No.1, 1 75 a 2 00
EESWAX,	Do. No.2, 0 00 a 1 00
Per pound, 18 a 20	Do. No.3, a 85
JTTER,	Sp'ts Turp., per
Per pound,20 a 22	gallon, 28 a 24
EEF, per bbl.	Varnish, pr gal. 20 a 22
N. Mess, 12 50 n 14 00	Oft, per gallen.
o. Prime, 7 00 a 9 00	Sperm, 1 00 a 1 40
EEF CATTLE,	Neats Foot00 a 0 00
Per 100 lbs., .3 00 a 4 00	
ORN,	Ground 0 00 a 0 00
Per bushel,72 a	
Meal, bush85 a 90	Cow a 79
OFFEE, per 1b.	
Rio,	PORK, per barrel. Nor. Mess, .12 00 a 12 50
St. Domingo, 10 a 104	
Laguyra, 11 a 114	
Cuba, 00 a 00	Fresh, per lb 0 a U
Java,	
ANDLES, per lb. Tallow,12\(\text{a} \) 16	Sweet, bush 80 a 1 00
	POULTRY.
	Chickens, live, .121 a 20
(100 1 10 00	Do. dead, .00 a 00
EATHERS,	Turkeys, live, a
	Do. dead, a
LOUR, per barrel.	RICE, per 100 lbs.
Northern 6 50 a 8 00	Clean, cask, .3 50 &
T1	Rough, bush., .00 a 00
IAY, per 100 lbs.	SAI-T, per bushel.
North Liveran	Turks Island 221 a 25
Eastern, a 60	Liv'l sack 1 00 a 1 50
RON, per lb., 43 a 51	1 74 75 1 75 1
ARD, per lb.	SHINGLES, per M.
No. Carolina, 9 a 10	Country, 2 00 a 2 50
Western, 7 a 8	Contract, 0 00 a 6 00
IME, per barrel.	STEEL, per lb12 a 25
Thomastown 90 a 1 00	STAVES, per M.
UMBER, River, per M. Floor, B'ds, 11 00 a 11 50	W. O. barrel,
Floor. B'ds,11 00 a 11 50	rough,00 00 a 15 00
Wide do	Ash Hend'g .8 00 a 9 25
Scantling a	R. O. hhd.,
AQUORS, per gallon.	dressed, 14 00 a 15 00
N. E. Rum, 30 a 34	
Crin, 8 34	
Whiskey, rec a	New Orleans,53 a
Do. N.O. do a 30	The state of the s
Do. Old Nick, 00 a 75	
Apple Brandy, 35 a 40	
Peach do00 a 90	
MOLASSES, per gall.	Shipping,8 00 a 9 00
West Indies, 17 a 22	Mill, prime, .6 00 a 7 50
New Orleans, .00 a 00	
MACKEREL, per bbl.	Po. inf'r, a
No. 1,0 00 a 11 00	
No. 2, 0 00 a 10 00	
No. 3, a 6 00	
MULLETS,	Madeira, 70 a 5 0
Per barrel a	Port, 1 25 n 4 0
NAILS, perlb.,4 a	5 Malaga, 40 a C

Wholesale Prices Current.

FREIGHTS:			
TO NEW YORK.		10	
Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, \$	23.	ŝ	40
Spirits Turpentine, do	n		55
Rice, per 100 pounds, gross00	-		12
Cotton, per bale,	19.		75
Cotton goods and yarns, per bale,40	n.		50
Flaxseed, per cask,00	B.		90
Ground Peas, per bushel,	2		
Lumbor, per M.,	-	- 5	04
TO PHILADELPHIA.	20	-	-
Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel,00	B		40
Spirits Turpentine,	a		5
Cround Poss per bushel	a		
Ground Peas, per bushel,		-	0
Lumber, per M	a.		-
Cotton goods and yarns, per cubic foot,6		,	- 0
TO BOSTON.			- 14
Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel,40			4
Spirits Turpentine,do	23.		6
Lumber, per M.,	8	7	7 0
REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MAR	KI	ET	7
FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 12, 18			•

BACON.-The market has an upward tendency for N. C. Bacon. Hams have already advanced another cent for a prime article. The stock on the market is light. See table BEEF CATTLE.-We do not know of any very much demand

for Beef Cattle, though we learn that a prime article will command 4c. per lb. on the hoof. COFFEE.-We hear of no material change in the Coffee market. The market, however, has an upward tendency. Conn .- The market is pretty well supplied with Corn. A

cargo of 2,000 bushels arrived yesterday, not yet sold. 200 bushels per Railroad sold yesterday at 72c. per bushel. Eggs .- Scarce, and sales from carts first part of this week at 20 a 23 cents per dozen. FLOUR .- The market is supplied now altogether with Bal-

timore and other Northern brands. Sales from store in lots Hay .- Stock on sale fair. Retail price 70 a 75c. per 100

LUMBER .- Nothing doing in River lumber. Mo LASSES .- No fresh arrivals. STAVES .- Some small parcels arriving, and sales W. O.

Bbls. at \$15. Red Oak hhd. at 14 a \$15 per M. Some contracts for W. O. Bbl. Staves at \$20 per M. Of course they have to be a good article, and not such as are usually thrown promisenously upon the market. SHINGLES .- Sales of a few thousand Shingles at \$2 a \$2 50

TIMBER .- Sales of about 10 rafts Mill Timber this week within range of our figures. But few gafts on market. FREIGHTS .- Several vessels arrived since last report, and prices of freights are inclined to fluctuate, though no actual change has yet taken place. See table for last rates paid. NAVAL STORES .- Sales of Turpentine for the week ended to-day, foot up about 3,178 barrels. Within a day or two. 10 cents advance, on last weeks prices, has been obtained. We quote sales during the week at \$1 80 a \$1 90 for yellow dip, and \$1 90 \$1 95 a \$2. per bbl. for virgin, closing to-day at highest figures. Light sales No. 3 Rosin at 85c. Some 2 or 300 bbls. Spirits Turpentine changed hands at 23 a 24 cents per gallon, bbls \$1 75 not returnable, closing at 24c. PEAS .- Sales of Cow Peas in small lots to suit at 70 cents per bushel, retail at 75 a 80 cents per bushel. But few black

eve peas in market, and we hear of no enquiry for them.

PPLICATION will be made to the next General Assem-A bly of North Carolina, for the passage of an act to amend the Navigation Laws of said State, so far as regards September 13, 1850

CINGED Cat Smoking Tobacco. For sale by J. WILKINSON & CO. THEY Have Arrived. Those very superior Cigars, so long promised, have been this day tried, and are prime. We have Regalias, Principes, Havana, and Plantation, of

the best brands. For sale by

J. WILKINSON & CO. FRESH GROCERIES. Porto Rico Sugar; Muscat do. Claret do. Museovado Loaf Sugar Claret Clarified Holland Gin; Crushed Jamaica Rum; 'owdered Rio, Laguyra and Java Coffee, Cordials, various kinds; Soaps; Starch; Saleratus; Gun Powder Tea; Old Hyson Candles; North Carolina Lard; Double Rectified Whiskey; Mats, all varieties; Monongahela

Sperm, Adamantine & Mould Vinegars; Mustard; Pickles, Catsups, Sauces, &c. Mustard; Wooden and Willow Ware; Brooms, Brushes, Baskets, &c Cognac Brandy, best, † to 1 Cordage, all sizes; Champagne Wine; [casks: Ship Chandlery, assorted; Madeira do. Flour; Crackers; Shot; Malmsey do. Port Wine; Confectionary, &c.
Will be found every variety usually kept at the Old Stand, and for sale cheap, by HOWARD & PEDEN. J. S. WILLIAMS

KEEPS constantly on hand a full supply of the following articles, viz:
Plantation Linen and Cotton Osnaburgs; Blue Denims and Drillings; Marlboro' and Manchester Stripes; Tickings and Mariner's Stripes; White and unbleached Drillings; Crash, Teelinburg, and Russia Linen; 3, 4, 5 and 6-4 Shirting and Sheeting; Russia and Scotch Diapers; 10, 11, and 12-4 Linen and Cotton Sheetings; Disper and Damask Table Linon;

Ginghams and Prints; White and colored Canton Crape Shawls; Black Llace and colored Silk Mantillas; Lace and Muslin Capes and Collars;
Manilla, Corded, Marseilles, and Grass Cloth Skirts;
Bonnets, Ribbons, and Artificials, very cheap;
Green, yellow, blue, and white Musquito Netting.
All of which will be sold at unusual low rates.

DHALON'S Improved Magte Hair Dye. A new and Phacon's improved magic Hair Dye. A new and extraordinary discovery (being a liquid dye) to color the hair or whiskers the moment it is applied, without injury to the hair or skin. It can be washed immediately without disturbing the color, and has no bad odor. It may be applied regardless of the weather, rain or shine. For sale by

J. S. WILLIAMS.

PHALON'S Hair Invigorator—To prevent baldness and to restore the Hair that has fallen off or become thin, and to cure effectually Scurf or Dandriff.

For sale by

J. S. WILLIAMS.

N Store and For Sale. 5,000 lbs. Hams, North Carolina 7.000 " Sides, " " 2,500 " Shoulders, " " OWEN HOLMES.